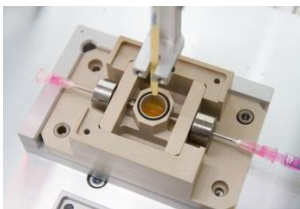


HIGHLIGHT

Stuttgart, April 2015



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Blood vessel equivalents:
Porous tubes with inner
diameters of 1 mm to 2 mm
From left to right: laser-
fabricated tube with 120 µm
pores, crosslinked gelatin
hydrogel tube, electrospun
poly(ester-urethane-urea)
tube.



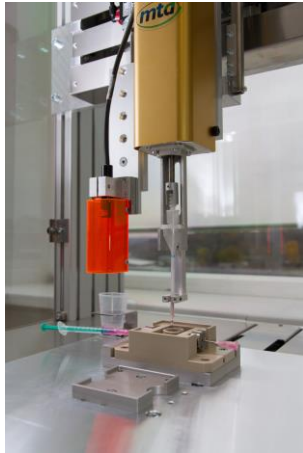
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Bioink: Crosslinkable
biomolecules and adipocytes
at high density are deposited
into a perfusion bioreactor
by automated dispensing.

Artivasc 3D – manufacturing perfusable scaffolds for 3D tissue generation

A key challenge for the successful use of *in vitro* engineered tissues is long term stability. **The ArtiVasc 3D project has broken new ground in manufacturing technologies for the generation and culture of perfusable bioartificial tissue.**

In a multidisciplinary approach, experts in biomaterial development, simulation, freeform fabrication, automation and tissue engineering have developed methods to produce versatile perfusable scaffolds. We apply and combine biomolecules from the native extracellular matrix (ECM) and synthetic photocurable polymer materials with micro-scale laser-based polymerization, electro-spinning and dip-coating techniques to fabricate tubular structures which can be mounted in perfusion-bioreactors. The inner surface of such blood vessel equivalents can be coated with biomolecules to facilitate cell adhesion and an endothelial cell monolayer can be installed. For the generation of surrounding tissue, automated dispensing is used to deposit cell-matrix bioinks into the bioreactor. Crosslinking of chemically modified ECM bio-macromolecules, e.g. gelatin and hyaluronic acid, result in stable, non-shrinking tissue models.

The technologies are designed to be applied in a modular way and can be adapted to generate various kinds of tissue by controlling the matrix properties.



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The pneumatic dispenser features a LED UV unit for crosslinking of the hydrogel precursors.



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The bioreactor (prototype) is designed for mounting of perfusable tubular structures and the assembly of tissue models.



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